Western New York Nuclear Service Center

Geology Overview

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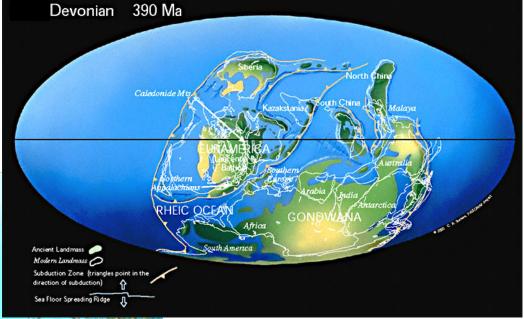
May 16, 2013



Western New York Bedrock Geology

Western New York in the Middle Devonian Period

390 Million Years Ago





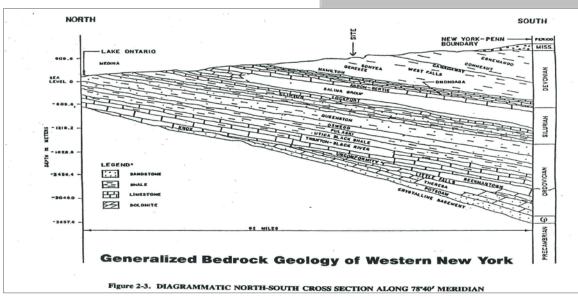
Modified from Scotese, C.R., 2002, http://www.scotese.com, (PALEOMAP website).



Bedrock Geology

The sediment from the shallow ocean that covered Western New York 350-400 million years ago is now sedimentary rock.



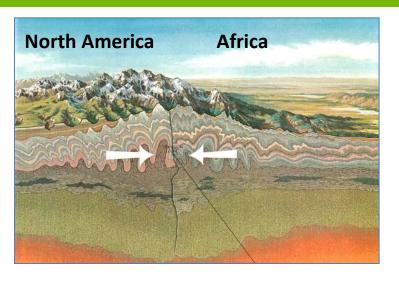


10,000 feet of sedimentary rock underlie the Western New York Nuclear Service Center

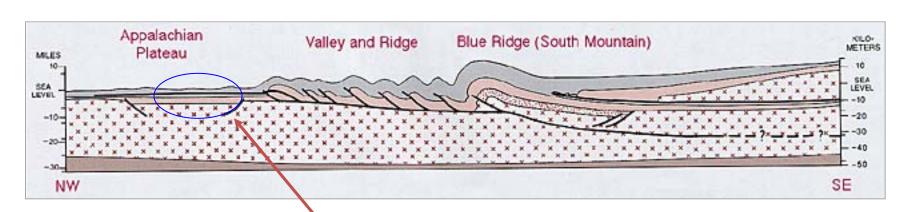


Bedrock Geology

300 million years ago, continents that are now North America/Europe and Africa collide, and the flatlying rocks are deformed.



Cross Section – SE Pennsylvania to Western New York



Bedrock in WNY is tilted slightly to the south from the continental collision with Africa.



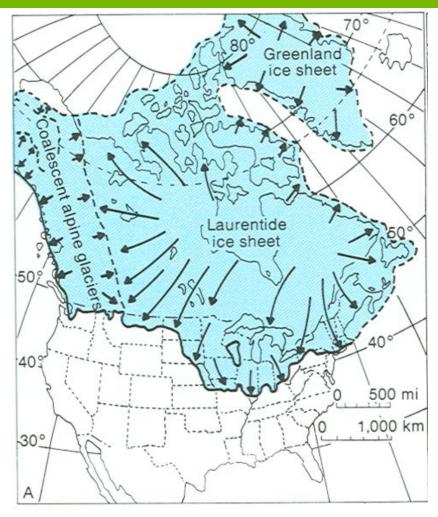
Glaciers Modify the Landscape



Arctic Ice Sheet

www.krug.com.by/work-archives-arctic.html

Continental ice sheets advanced into Western New York during the last ice age – from 1.6 million years ago to 12,000 years ago.



Limit of Pleistocene Ice Sheets of North America



Glacial Deposits Cover the Bedrock

Glaciers grind up
bedrock as they
advance into an area
and can leave thick
deposits of sediment.
Glaciers release vast
quantities of water
and sort and
transport sediment as
they melt and
withdraw from an
area.

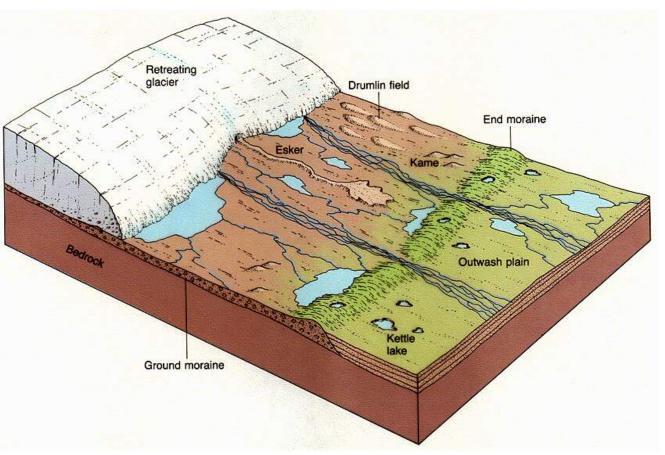
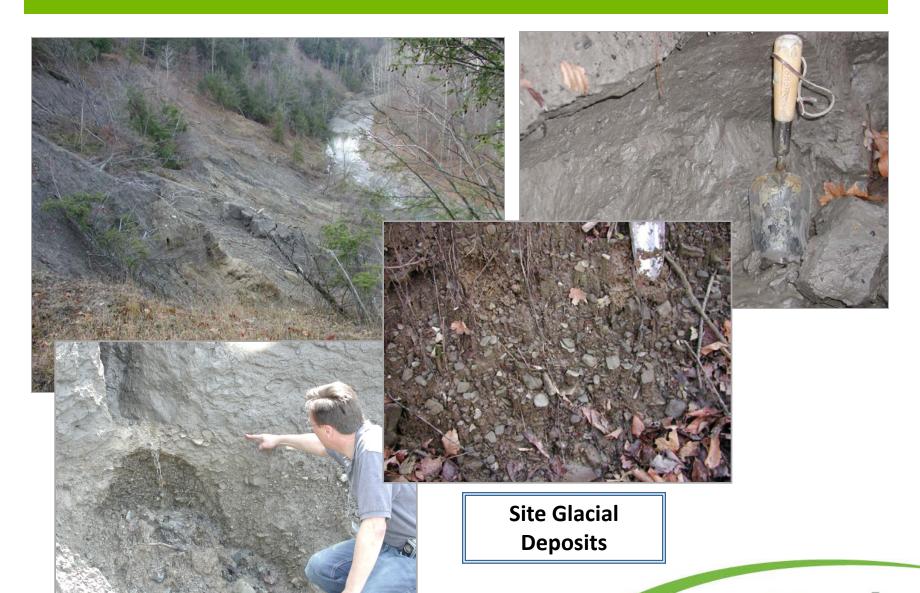


Figure - School of Geology & Geophysics University of Oklahoma

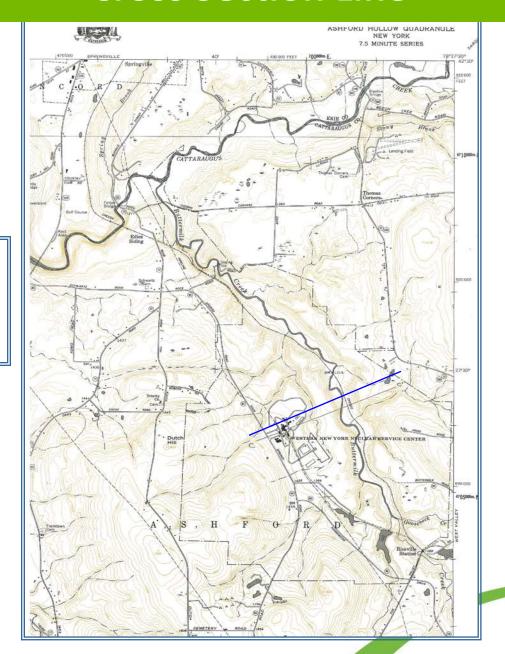


Glacial Deposits Cover the Bedrock





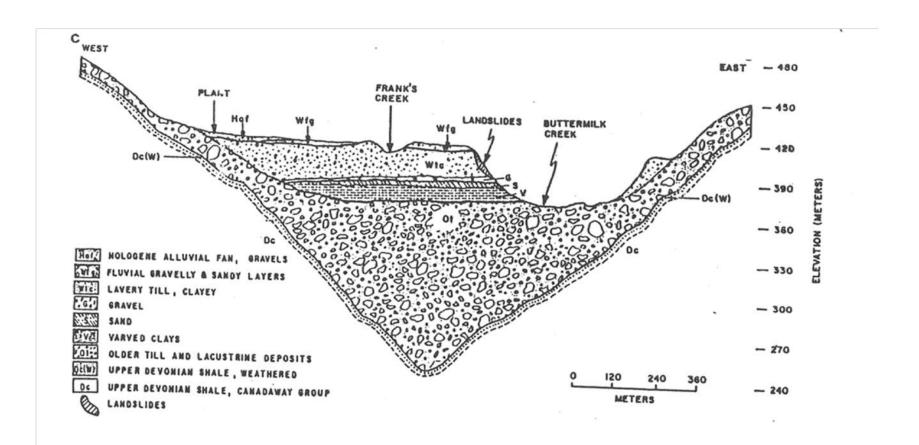
Cross Section Line



Northeast portion of Ashford Hollow, NY, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle



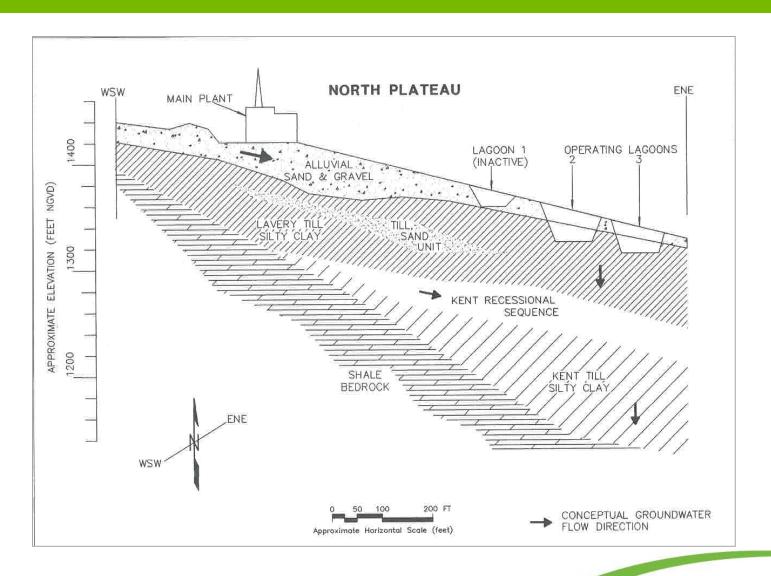
Geologic Cross Section of the Buried Central Valley at the WNYNSC



NOTE: Vertical Scale = ¼ horizontal scale. Adapted from Dana et al. (1979a)

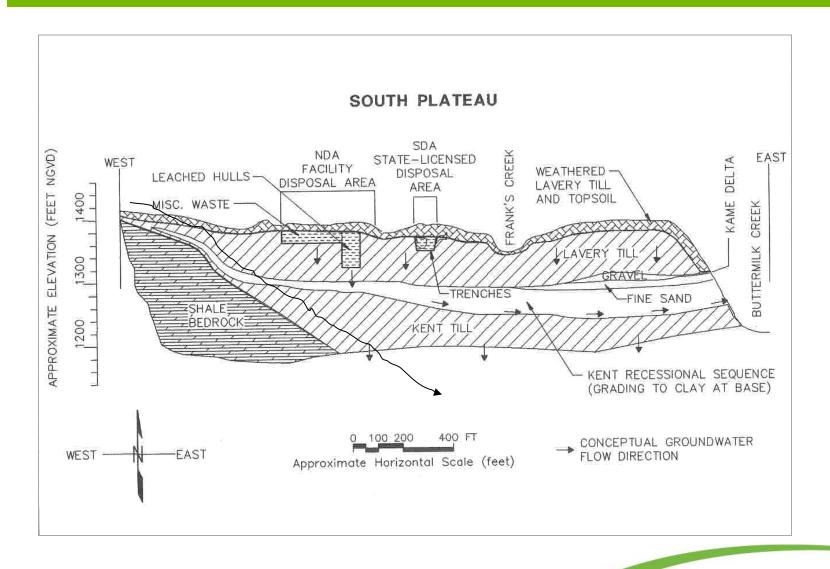


North Plateau Geology



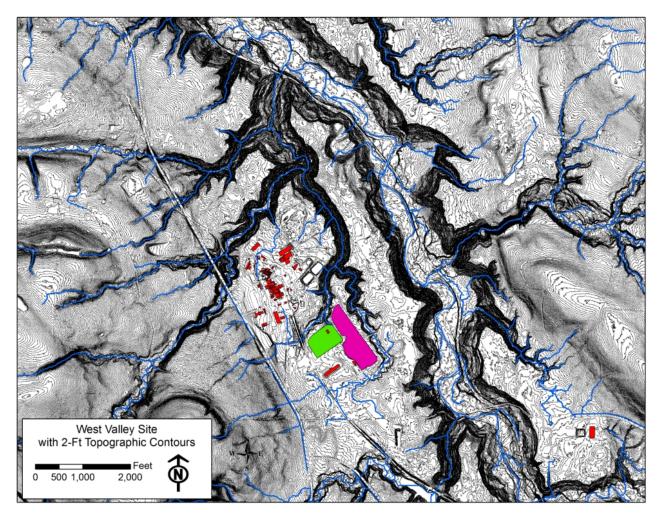


South Plateau Geology





Erosion is a Significant Long-Term Issue



- Erosion is bisecting the landscape
- Gullies are growing and lengthening
 - Streams are advancing by headward erosion

